

# Data Mining 2

CAT 4 - 2019/2020

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Surname \_\_\_\_\_ ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Test id. AUTO

## Answers

**Q1: The Apriori principle, namely  $S_1 \subseteq S_2 \rightarrow support(S_1) \geq support(S_2)$**

**Q2: Pruned:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{C\} \rightarrow \{A\}$**

**Frequent:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{C\} \rightarrow \{E\}$  and  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{C\} \rightarrow \{C\}$**

**Q3:  $gap \leq 3$  is better, because it does not consider useless "before-after lockdown" occurrences like  $\langle 0, 7 \rangle$  or  $\langle 1, 7 \rangle$  (and others), while  $gap \geq 3$  does not consider useful occurrences like  $\langle 5, 6 \rangle$  or  $\langle 6, 7 \rangle$ , namely those during the lockdown.**

**Q4: 3, 4**

**Q5:  $C(P_1, P_2, P_4), C(P_3)$**

**Q6:  $Profit(Partition1) = 1.75$**

**$Profit(Partition2) = 1.08$**

**Q7: 1**

**Q8: B, E**

$$\mathbf{Q9: } LOF(p) = \frac{\sum_{o \in knn(p)} \frac{lrd(p)}{lrd(o)}}{|knn(p)|}$$

$$\mathbf{where } lrd(p) = \frac{1}{\frac{\sum_{o \in knn(p)} rd(p,o)}{|knn(p)|}}$$

**where  $rd(p, o) = \max\{k - distance(o), dist(p, o)\}$**

List id questions: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]